

Nanoporous n-TiO₂/selenium/p-CuCNS photovoltaic cell

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Abstract. On illumination, selenium deposited on nanoporous n-TiO₂ transfers photogenerated electrons into TiO₂. When p-CuCNS is coated on top of the selenium deposited on nanoporous n-TiO₂, holes are directed into the p-CuCNS. A photovoltaic cell of nanoporous n-TiO₂/selenium/p-CuCNS based on the above charge transfer process generates a photocurrent of $\sim 3.0 \text{ mA cm}^{-2}$ and a photovoltage of $\sim 600 \text{ mV}$ at 800 W m^{-2} simulated sunlight. The efficiency of the cell seems to be limited by surface recombination and the presence of voids in the TiO₂ film. Photoelectrochemical experiments also indicate that when selenium is deposited on nanoporous n-TiO₂ photogenerated electrons in selenium are efficiently transferred to TiO₂.